Spelling Mistakes Made by Students: An Action Research

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Abstract- The main objective of the present study is to reduce the spelling errors among the students. This Action Research was done while supervising the internship of B.Ed. second year student teachers in Bal Bharti Inter College, Balrampur. The researcher observed that many students of class 7 are making spelling mistakes in Hindi. For the present study, the problem was first selected and demarcated, then on the basis of discussion with students and student teachers, possible reasons were identified and hypotheses were formulated on the basis of reasons. To test the hypotheses, a functional design was prepared, and then the suggestions described in the hypothesis were implemented and evaluated. It was found in the evaluation that on implementing the suggestions described in the form of a hypothesis, there has been a huge reduction in the spelling errors made by the students in Hindi. Therefore, these measures can be accepted as effective to remove spelling errors. It will be beneficial to preserve the report of the presented action research in other associate teachers, students and educational institutions.

Indexed Terms- Bal Bharti Inter College, Hindi Subject, Spelling Errors, Functional Research

I. INTRODUCTION

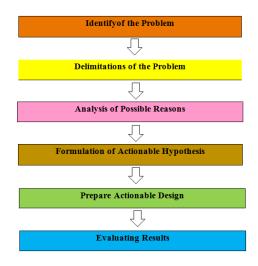
The role of education has proved to be paramount for the development of any nation. There is a great need for research to run the education system better and to remove the problems coming in it. Action research is one such research which has emerged as a better option to solve the day-to-day problems faced in education. Keeping this fact in mind, the researcher has tried to solve the presented problem through action research.

There are many problems in educational institutions which cannot be solved by fundamental and applied research, but it is very necessary to solve them immediately. Such problems can be easily solved by action research. Action research is a new type of research process with a view to find solutions to the immediate problems of the local level in a scientific manner. Modern Human Organization Theory can be considered as the original source of action research. Kurt Lewin indicated it in his field theory and in 1926, Buckingham successfully used it in the field of education, but the real credit for formulating and promoting action research goes to Stephen M. Corey, Professor of Teachers College, Columbia University. Is. [1]

Initially, action research was used to solve educational problems, but today action research is being used very fast in defense, administration, management, psychology, sociology, economics, banks, industry etc. Today, action research is being used as a tool to solve problems in various fields.

Jehan W. Best and James B. In Kahn's words, action research focuses on immediate application, not on the development of theory or the generalization of application. It deals with the problem present here and now in the local situation. Its results are evaluated not in terms of universal validity but in terms of local usefulness. [2]

Action Research Process:



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- Problem: Spelling errors made by the students.
- Delimitations of the Problem: Spelling related mistakes made in Hindi subject by the students of class 7 of Bal Bharti Inter College, Balrampur (UP)
- Analysis of Possible Reasons:

Sl.	Probable Cause	Evidence
No.		
1	Teacher not making	Observation of
	students practice	exercisebooks and
	transcription and	interview with
	dictation	teachers and students
2	Correct spelling	Observation of
	errors by the teacher	exercise books and
	in the exercise books	talks with teachers
	of the students.	
3	Lack of word	Observation,
	recognition ability in	interview and test of
	students	student performance
4	Negligence in	Observation of
	written work by	exercise books and
	students	interview with
		teachers
5	Teacher not	Observation of
	punishing students	exercise books
	for repeated	Conversation with
	mistakes in spelling	teachers and students

Hypothesis for Action Research:

- 1. If the teacher examines the students by making them practice transcription and dictation, their spelling errors in Hindi subject will be reduced.
- 2. If the teacher corrects the spelling errors in the exercise books of the students, their spelling errors in Hindi subject will be reduced.
- 3. By training the students to recognize Hindi words by the teacher, their spelling errors in Hindi subject will be reduced.
- 4. By getting students to do their written work in Hindi in a systematic way and checking it, their spelling errors will be reduced.
- By giving partial punishment to the students for repeated spelling errors by the teacher, their spelling mistakes will be reduced.

Action Research Design:

The action research design prepared to test the first action hypothesis that "The spelling errors in Hindi subject will reduce if the teacher makes the students practice transcription and dictation and check them" is as follows-

Activities	Method/Techni	Source	Time
1 Total victors	que	Material	Perio
	quo	1/14/01141	d
Preparing a	Consultation	Syllabus,	07
list of	with fellow	Hindi text	days
written	colleagues,	books and	aajs
works that	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	other	
can be		supporting	
given for		books	
transcriptio			
n and			
dictation in			
Hindi			
Selecting	Discussing time	List of	05
some	table and other	teaching-	days
written	teaching-	learning	,
works for	learning	activities	
transcriptio	activities	and time	
n and		table	
dictation			
Determinin	By consulting	Subjectmat	05
g the form	fellow	ter related	days
and	colleagues and	toprinciples	
sequence of	subject experts	of teaching	
selected			
written			
works			
Giving	By obtaining		28
selected	cooperation		days
and	from Associate		,
arranged	teachers,		
written	student teachers		
assignment	and subject		
s one by	experts		
one in			
order of			
priority			
Implementi	With the help of		28
ng the	pupil's teachers		days
suggestion			
described			

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Evaluation of Results:

Cycle	Average Error	Conclusion
	Liioi	
FirstCycle		
(Before giving	27%	
the written		
assignment		
(pre-test))		
Second Cycle	20%	Spelling errors are
(After One		reduced by the
Month)		suggestions described
		in the hypothesis.
Third Cycle	13%	Spelling errors are
(After Two		reduced by the
Month)		suggestions described
		in the hypothesis.
Forth Cycle	5%	The suggestions
(After Three		described in the
Month)		hypothesis reduce
		spelling errors.
		Therefore, the
		hypothesis "The
		spelling errors in Hindi
		subject will reduce if
		the teacher makes the
		students practice
		transcription and
		dictation and check
		them" is accepted.

CONCLUSION

It is clear from the above-mentioned results of the present research that on implementing the suggestion presented as the first hypothesis, there has been a huge reduction in the spelling errors made by the students in Hindi. Therefore, these measures can be accepted as effective to remove spelling errors. It will be beneficial to preserve the report of the presented action research in other associate teachers, students and organizations.

REFERENCES

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