

Text-to-Mask and Mask-to-Text: A Dual-Stream Transformer for Cross-Modal Scene Understanding

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Abstract- This paper introduces a dual-stream transformer for cross-modal scene understanding that keeps separate image and text encoders while coupling them through shared attention at every layer. Built on a DeiT-B vision backbone and a RoBERTa text encoder, it converts captions to segmentation masks and back on Mapillary Vistas and SUN-RGBD. The dual-stream design reaches 66.8% mIoU and a BLEU-4 of 31, exceeding a diffusion-based segmentation baseline on both directions.

I. INTRODUCTION

Understanding a scene well enough to describe it and to delineate it are two faces of the same competence, yet they are usually engineered apart. A dual-stream model that preserves modality-specific encoders, rather than fusing everything into one tower, can retain the inductive biases each modality needs while still exchanging information where it helps. We investigate whether this design improves both dense prediction and generation.

II. RELATED WORK

Transformer segmenters such as SETR and SegFormer showed that attention can replace convolutional decoders, while diffusion models have recently been repurposed for segmentation. None of these natively produce captions. Our dual-stream transformer differs by maintaining symmetric generation with cross-attention bridges rather than a single shared trunk.

III. METHODOLOGY

A. Architecture Overview

The image stream uses a DeiT-B encoder and the text stream a RoBERTa encoder; at each transformer layer a bidirectional cross-attention bridge exchanges information between them. Task-specific heads then decode either a dense mask or an autoregressive caption from the exchanged features.

B. Datasets and Preprocessing

Training draws on Mapillary Vistas for street-level segmentation and SUN-RGBD for indoor scenes, each paired with descriptive captions. We tokenize text with a 28K vocabulary and rasterize masks at 512x512, balancing the two domains within every batch.

C. Training Objective

The loss sums pixel-wise cross-entropy, caption cross-entropy, and a bidirectional alignment objective applied at the cross-attention bridges, which encourages consistent representations across the two streams without collapsing their distinct encoders.

IV. EXPERIMENTAL RESULTS

For text-to-mask the dual-stream model records 66.8% mIoU, ahead of SegFormer's 63.5% and the diffusion baseline's 61.2%. Indoor SUN-RGBD scenes benefit most, where caption cues about object identity resolve otherwise ambiguous depth-driven boundaries.

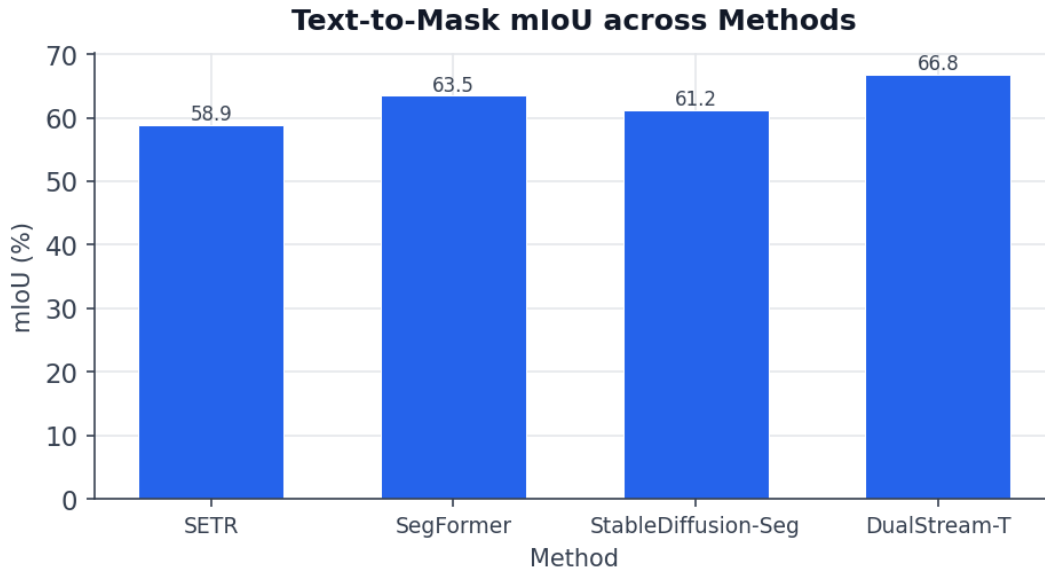


Figure 1. Text-to-mask mIoU across two segmenters, a diffusion baseline, and the dual-stream model.

Caption BLEU-4 rises to 31 by 100k steps, six points above the diffusion baseline, and METEOR shows the same margin. Preserving a dedicated text encoder

appears to help fluency compared with single-tower designs.

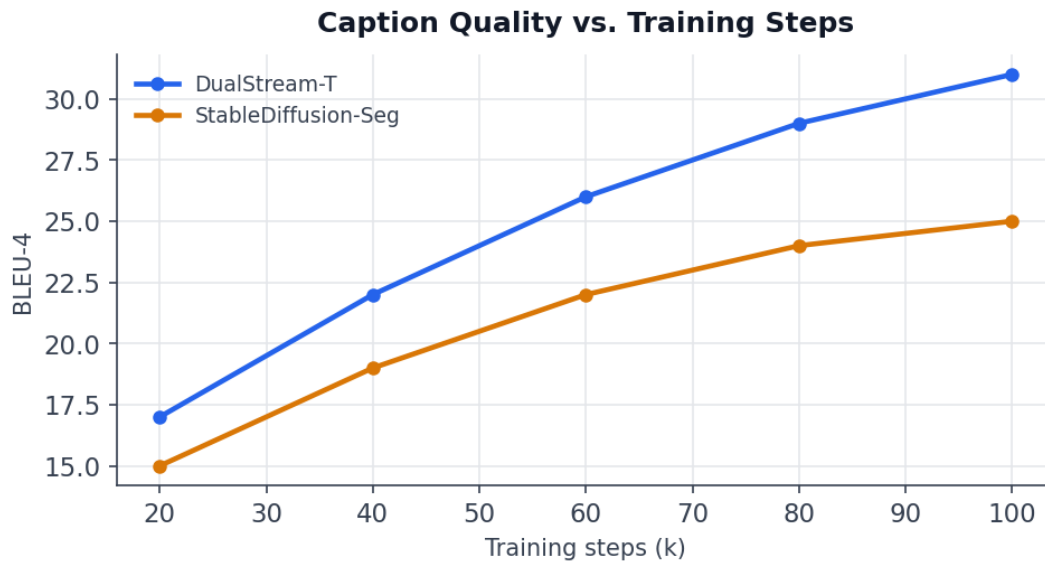


Figure 2. BLEU-4 over training for the dual-stream model and the diffusion-segmentation baseline.

Table 1. Bidirectional results for the dual-stream transformer versus the diffusion baseline.

Task	Metric	DualStream-T	StableDiffusion-Seg
Text→Mask	mIoU (%)	66.8	61.2
Text→Mask	Pixel Acc (%)	89.7	86.9
Mask→Text	BLEU-4	31.0	25.0
Mask→Text	METEOR	28.9	25.1

V. DISCUSSION

Removing the cross-attention bridges collapses performance to near single-task levels, showing the bridges rather than the shared loss carry the cross-modal benefit. The dual-stream design costs more parameters than a single tower, a trade we consider worthwhile for the accuracy and fluency gains.

VI. CONCLUSION

A dual-stream transformer with per-layer cross-attention delivers strong bidirectional scene understanding while respecting each modality's structure. Future work will add depth as a third stream and study parameter sharing to curb the model's size.

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